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James Edward Anderson fonds B2003-0024

Harold Averill, October 2004

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Biographical note

James Edward (Jim) Anderson was born in Perth, Ontario on 23 February 1926. Following service in the Canadian Armed Forces during World War II, he entered medicine at the University of Toronto, graduating with an MD in 1953. Through his training in anatomy he came to know J. C. B. Grant who was a physical anthropologist in all but name, and who passed on to Anderson his fascination with morphological variation, growth and development of the human body, along with a love of teaching.

Following his internship, Anderson was appointed a lecturer in the Department of Anatomy in 1956, but also taught a course in human osteology for pre-med students and became involved in archaeological digs in Ontario. This led to his appointment in 1958 as an assistant professor in the Department of Anthropology, where he taught a variety of graduate half courses while maintaining his full teaching duties in Anatomy. He established an osteology lab, where both old and recent skeletal collections were gathered for study. These included items from the Montgomery and Boyle Osteology Collection from the Royal Ontario Museum, and the Fairty, Serpent Mounds, and Bennett sites in Ontario. He was promoted to full professor in 1961.

Through these collections, Professor Anderson "began to build the framework of osteological analysis for which he is best known – the use of discrete traits along with metric data to characterize and compare skeletal populations." His emphasis of discrete traits was detailed in a number of early papers, including "The development of the tympanic plate" (1962), "Osteology of the Donaldson site" (1963), and "The people of Fairty: an osteological analysis of an Iroquois ossuary" (1964). He also sought, during the 1960s, to rectify a lack of published data on Iroquois morphology and pathology, by investigating and writing about skeletal material in the Bennett site, the Dawson site, and the Serpent Mounds burials. Anderson also ranged outside of Ontario in his research, to the Tehuacan valley in Mexico, Nubia, and Newfoundland.

At the same time Professor Anderson began training human osteologists and physical anthropologists at the University of Toronto and, from 1963 to 1966, at the State University of New York (SUNY) at Buffalo, where he assembled a large number of his graduate students. In 1966 he returned to the University of Toronto to organize and direct its PhD program in physical anthropology, bringing many of his students with him. In 1967 he took on the additional responsibility of organizing and directing the Department of Anatomy in the new Faculty of Medicine at McMaster University. In 1969 he moved to Hamilton to devote all his time to the new department and its students.

Professor Anderson was also interested in other fields of research, including the nonmedical use of drugs and alternative secondary school education. In 1971, he founded James Edward Anderson B2003-0024

in Hamilton the Cool School for students who had been involved with drugs and could not cope in the conventional school system. He wrote about his work in *Cool School: an alternative secondary school experience* (1977) and in "Life history grid for adolescents" (1980). For many years he was involved with Boy Scouts of Canada.

Professor Anderson took early retirement in 1985 because of ill health and died on 4 February 1995 in Hamilton, Ontario.

Scope and content

Date range: 1934-1980 (predominant 1955-1972) Extent: 1.26m of textual and graphic records (7 boxes)

Note: Personal records of James E. Anderson, professor of anatomy and anthropology at the University of Toronto, McMaster University, and the State University of New York at Buffalo. Includes field notes, notes, infracranial and cranial forms, reports, tables, correspondence, manuscripts, articles, photographs and slides relating to archaeological sites in Canada and the United States and associated research and writing. Also contains a file on the death of Professor Lawrence Oschinsky of the Department of Anthropology at the University of Toronto.

Related accession: B2004-0009

Access: Open

Boxes: B2003-0024/001-/004, B2003-0024/005, B2003-0024/001P, B2003-0024/002P

Series 1: Professional correspondence

File number	File title	Date range
B2003-0024/0001(01)	Correspondence	1965-1972

Series 2: University of Toronto. Department of Anthropology

File number	File title	Date range
B2003-0024/0001(02)	Death of Lawrence Oschinsky	1963 - 1966

Series 3: Research files

Date range: 1934-1980 Extent: 40 files of textual records

Scope and content: Notes, field notes, infracranial and cranial forms, reports, tables, correspondence, diagrams, and photos relating to archaeological digs and associated research projects

Arrangement: Files are arranged alphabetically

Access: Open

File number	File title	Date range
B2003-0024/001(03) -	"Altan Ha" – "Dallas".	1965-1972
(17)		
B2003-0024/002(01) -	"Egypt" – "Nevin shell heap".	1934-1968
(17)	For "Indian skeleton" plates 48, 49, 55 and 61	
	see /005(01) - (04). For most of the other plates	
	in this set, see B2004-0009.	
B2003-0024/003(01) -	"Old Birch Island (Wardrop Island)" – "Syer's	1960-1980
(08)	site".	

Series 4: Manuscripts and publications

File number	File title	Date range
B2003-0024/003(09) -	"The osteology of the Varner site"	1955-1956
(11)	For plates, see /005(05)	
B2003-0024/003(12)	(with Lawrence Oschinsky) "A Thule skeleton	[196-]
	from Arctic Bay"	
B2003-0024/003(13)	"The Montgomery and Boyle osteology	
	collections", Royal Ontario Museum. Art and	
	Archaeology Division. Annual (1961)	
	67-70	
B2003-0024/003(14) -	(with C. Merbs) "A contribution to the human	[196-]
(15)	osteology of the Canadian Arctic", Royal	
	Ontario Museum Occasional Paper 4 (1962),	
	65-94	
B2003-0024/003(16) -	"Osteology of the Donaldson site", National	1960-[196-]
(18)	Museum of Canada Bulletin, 184 (1963) 93-113	
B2003-0024/004(01)	"Osteology of the Donaldson site", National	[196-]
	Museum of Canada Bulletin 184 (1963) 93-113.	
	Photographic plates, Part II.	

File number	File title	Date range
	For plate 9, see /005(06)	
B2003-0024/004(02)	"The Hochelaga project"	1965-1966
B2003-0024/004(03)	"Measurements of the Beothuk skull from	1968
	Comfort Island"	
B2003-0024/004(04) -	(with J. V. Wright) "The Bennett site", National	1964
(05)	Museum of Canada Bulletin 229 (1968) 143 p.	

Series 5: Photographs

File number	File title	Date range
B2003-0024/004(06)	Lists of and indices to photographs	1965-1972
B2003-0024/001P	Photographs and slides, unidentified and	n.d 1968
	identified, relating to research projects and	
	writings, with no associated textual records.	
	Includes photos for Anderson's 1968 paper,	
	"The Serpent Mounds site physical	
	anthropology", Royal Ontario Museum Arts	
	and Archaeology Division Occasional Paper	
	11.	
B2003-0024/002P(01)	Basal view of skulls (6), including El Risco and	
	Donaldson sites	
B2003-0024/002P(02)	"Dallas", site 117 (?). Two panels of six cranial	
	photos each	